## Test Booklet Code

# AKANH

No. :



This Booklet contains 24 pages.

# Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

# **Important Instructions :**

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
- 3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **H5**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) : \_\_\_\_

Roll Number	: in figures	
	: in words	
Centre of Exami	nation (in Capitals) :	
Candidate's Signature :		Invigilator's Signature :
Facsimile signat	ure stamp of	
Centre Superinte	endent:	

- 1. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold | 6. frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
  - (1)zero
  - (2)doubled
  - (3)four times
  - (4)one-fourth
- 2. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is :

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$ (2)
- $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$ (3)
- $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$ (4)
- 3. For which one of the following, Bohr model is not valid?
  - Singly ionised neon atom (Ne<sup>+</sup>) (1)
  - (2)Hydrogen atom
  - (3)Singly ionised helium atom (He<sup>+</sup>)
  - (4)Deuteron atom
- 4. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of  $16 \times 10^{-9}$  C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is :

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$
(1) zero

- (2) $50\,\mathrm{V}$
- (3) $200\,\mathrm{V}$
- $400\,\mathrm{V}$ (4)
- 5. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is  $6 \mu F$ . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes  $30 \,\mu\text{F}$ . The permittivity of the medium is :

$$\begin{aligned} &(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}) \\ &(1) & 5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2} \\ &(2) & 0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2} \\ &(3) & 1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2} \\ &(4) & 0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2} \end{aligned}$$

- Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm<sup>2</sup> falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area  $20 \text{ cm}^2$ . The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :
  - $48 \times 10^{3} J$ (1)
  - $10 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$ (2)
  - $12 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$ (3)
  - (4) $24 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
- Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively 7. are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

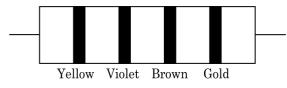
The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :

- 80 cm (1)
- (2)33 cm
- (3)50 cm67 cm
- (4)

8.

9.

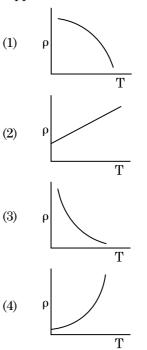
The color code of a resistance is given below :



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively,

are :		
(1)	470 Ω,	5%

- 470 kΩ, 5% (2)
- 47 kΩ, 10% (3)
- 4.7 kΩ, 5% (4)
- Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity ( $\rho$ ) with temperature (T) for copper?



# 2

- **10.** The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is :
  - (1) zero
  - (2)  $\pi$  rad

(3) 
$$\frac{3\pi}{2}$$
 rad

- (4)  $\frac{"}{2}$  rad
- 11. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
  - (1) insulators and semiconductors
  - (2) metals
  - (3) insulators only
  - (4) semiconductors only
- 12. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  ( $r_1 = 1.5 r_2$ ) through 1 K are in the ratio:
  - (1)  $\frac{5}{3}$ (2)  $\frac{27}{8}$

(3) 
$$\frac{9}{4}$$
  
(3) 3

- (4)
- **13.** For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct** ?
  - (1) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
  - (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
  - (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
  - (4) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
- 14. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is :  $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$ 
  - (1) 300 m
  - (2) 360 m
  - (3) 340 m
  - (4) 320 m

- 3
  - **15.** The Brewsters angle  $i_b$  for an interface should be :
    - (1)  $i_b = 90^{\circ}$ (2)  $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
    - (3)  $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
    - (4)  $45^{\circ} < i_{b} < 90^{\circ}$
  - 16. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : ( $k_B$  is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature)
    - (1)  $\frac{7}{2} k_{B}T$ (2)  $\frac{1}{2} k_{B}T$ (3)  $\frac{3}{2} k_{B}T$ (4)  $\frac{5}{2} k_{B}T$
  - 17. In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m<sup>3</sup>, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :
    - (1) 5 N/C
    - (2) zero
    - (3) 0.5 N/C
    - (4) 1 N/C
  - 18. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth ?
    - (1) 24 N
    - (2) 48 N
    - (3) 32 N
    - (4) 30 N
  - **19.** In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :
    - (1) one-fourth
    - (2) double
    - (3) half
    - (4) four times

20. The energy equivalent of  $0.5 ext{ g of a substance is :}$ 

- (1)  $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- (2)  $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
- (3)  $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- (4)  $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$

21. Dimensions of stress are :

- (1)  $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
- (2)  $[MLT^{-2}]$
- (3)  $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
- (4)  $[ML^0T^{-2}]$

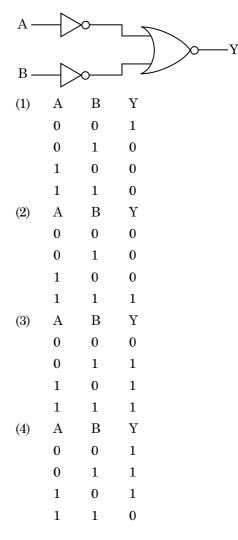
(1) 
$$\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{A}(\text{L}_{1} - \text{L})}$$
(2) 
$$\frac{\text{MgL}_{1}}{\text{AL}}$$
(3) 
$$\frac{\text{MgL}_{1}}{\text{AL}}$$
(4) 
$$\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_{1}}$$

- 23. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is π/3. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again π/3 between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
  (1) −1.0
  - (2) zero
  - (3) 0.5
  - (4) 1.0
- 24. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :
  - (1)  $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$
  - (2)  $3.66 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
  - (3)  $1.83 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
  - (4)  $7.32 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
- 25. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as :

(1) 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$$
  
(2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d}$   
(3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d^2}$ 

$$(4) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$$

26. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :



- 27. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
  - (1)  $1: c^2$
  - (2) c:1
  - (3) 1:1
  - (4) 1:c
- 28. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :
  - (1) isobaric
  - (2) isothermal
  - (3) adiabatic
  - (4) isochoric

34.

- (1) 0.006
- (2) 6
- (3) 0.6
- (4) 0.06

**30.** Find the torque about the origin when a force of 3j N acts on a particle whose position vector is 2k m.

- (1)  $6\hat{k}$  N m
- (2)  $6\dot{i}$  N m
- (3)  $6\dot{j}$  N m
- (4)  $-6\hat{i}$  N m
- **31.** A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is :

- (1) 1.0 mm
- (2) 0.01 mm
- $(3) \quad 0.25 \text{ mm}$
- (4) 0.5 mm
- **32.** Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
  - (1) 9.9 m
  - $(2) \qquad 9.9801 \ m$
  - (3) 9.98 m
  - (4) 9.980 m
- **33.** A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of  $3.2 \times 10^{-7}$  C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere ?

 $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \\ (1) & 1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C} \\ (2) & 1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C} \\ (3) & 1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C} \\ (4) & 1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C} \end{cases}$ 

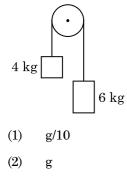
A charged particle having drift velocity of  $7.5 \times 10^{-4}$  m s<sup>-1</sup> in an electric field of  $3 \times 10^{-10}$  Vm<sup>-1</sup>, has a mobility in m<sup>2</sup> V<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> of :

- (1)  $2.25 \times 10^{-15}$
- (2)  $2.25 \times 10^{15}$
- (3)  $2.5 \times 10^6$
- (4)  $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$
- **35.** In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be :
  - (1)  $537 \,\mathrm{Hz}$
  - $(2) \qquad 523\,\mathrm{Hz}$
  - $(3) \qquad 524\,\mathrm{Hz}$
  - (4) 536 Hz
- **36.** An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m<sup>-1</sup>. The permeability of the material of the rod is :

 $(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$ 

- (1)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3)  $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T \,m \, A^{-1}}$
- (4)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- 37. A 40  $\mu$ F capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :
  - (1)  $25.1 \,\mathrm{A}$
  - (2)  $1.7 \,\mathrm{A}$
  - (3)  $2.05 \,\mathrm{A}$
  - (4)  $2.5 \,\mathrm{A}$
- **38.** An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is  $1.227 \times 10^{-2}$  nm, the potential difference is :
  - (1)  $10^4 \,\mathrm{V}$
  - (2) 10 V
  - (3)  $10^2 V$
  - (4)  $10^3 V$

- 39. The increase in the width of the depletion region 43. in a p-n junction diode is due to :
  - increase in forward current (1)
  - (2)forward bias only
  - (3)reverse bias only
  - (4) both forward bias and reverse bias
  - When a uranium isotope  $^{235}_{.92}$ U is bombarded with **40**. a neutron, it generates  $\frac{89}{36}$ Kr, three neutrons and :
    - $^{103}_{36}$ Kr (1)
    - $^{144}_{56}$ Ba (2)
    - $^{91}_{40}$ Zr (3)
    - $^{101}_{36}$ Kr (4)
  - 41. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :
    - (1) $20.0 \,\mathrm{g}$
    - (2) $2.5 \mathrm{g}$
    - (3)5.0 g
    - (4) $10.0\,\mathrm{g}$
  - 42. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is :



(3)g/2

(4)g/5

A ray is incident at an angle of incidence *i* on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is  $\mu$ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:

(1) 
$$\frac{\mu A}{2}$$
  
(2) 
$$\frac{A}{2\mu}$$
  
(3) 
$$\frac{2A}{\mu}$$
  
(4) 
$$\mu A$$

(

**44**. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is :  $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$ 

- (1) $0.02 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- $0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$ (2)
- $0.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$ (3)
- $0.1 \text{ kg/m}^3$ (4)
- 45. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10  $\Omega$  resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1  $\Omega$  of the resistance wire is :
  - $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$ (1)
  - $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$ (2)
  - (3) $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
  - $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$ (4)
- 46. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :
  - Plasmolysis (1)
  - (2)Transpiration
  - (3)Root pressure
  - (4)Imbibition

- **47.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
  - (1) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
  - When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
  - (3) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
  - (4) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.

#### 48. Ray florets have :

- (1) Half inferior ovary
- (2) Inferior ovary
- (3) Superior ovary
- (4) Hypogynous ovary

### 49. Match the following with respect to meiosis :

(a)	Zygot	ene	(i)	Terminalization			
(b)	Pachy	ytene	(ii)	Chiasmata			
(c)	Diplo	tene	(iii)	Crossing over			
(d)	Diaki	nesis	(iv)	Synapsis			
Selec	t the ${f c}$	orrec	<b>t</b> optio	n from the following :			
	(a)	<b>(b)</b>	(c)	(d)			
(1)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)			
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)			
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)			
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)			

50. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colı	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Place	enta		(i)	Androgens
(b)	Zona pellucida			(ii)	Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG)
(c)	Bulb glane	o-uretl ds	hral	(iii)	Layer of the ovum
(d)	Leyd	lig cell	5	(iv)	Lubrication of the Penis
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(2)	(iv)	(iv) (iii) (i)			
(3)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	

- **51.** Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants :
  - (a) Iron (i) Photolysis of water Zinc (b) (ii) Pollen germination Boron (iii) Required for chlorophyll (c) biosynthesis (d) Manganese (iv) IAA biosynthesis Select the **correct** option :
  - (a) **(b)** (c) (d) (iv) (iii) (1)(i) (ii) (2)(ii) (i) (iv) (iii) (i) (3)(iv) (iii) (ii) (4)(iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
- 52. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colı	ımn -	I	Column - II	
(a)	6 - 18 gill s	5 pairs lits	of	(i)	Trygon
(b)		rocerc al fin	al	(ii)	Cyclostomes
(c)	Air E	Bladder	r	(iii)	Chondrichthyes
(d)	Poise	on stin	g	(iv)	Osteichthyes
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	

53. Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.

- (a) Fourth trophic level (i) Crow
  - (b) Second trophic level (ii) Vulture
  - (c) First trophic level (iii) Rabbit
- (d) Third trophic level (iv) Grass

Select the **correct** option :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)

# H5

- ${\bf 54.} \qquad {\rm Snow-blindness} \ {\rm in} \ {\rm Antarctic} \ {\rm region} \ {\rm is} \ {\rm due} \ {\rm to} \ :$ 
  - $(1) \qquad {\rm Damage\ to\ retina\ caused\ by\ infra-red\ rays}$
  - (2) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
  - (3) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
  - (4) High reflection of light from snow
- **55.** Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect** ?
  - (1) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
  - (2) They are not bound by any membrane.
  - (3) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
  - (4) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
- **56.** In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct** ?
  - (1) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
  - (2) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
  - (3) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
  - (4) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
- 57. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colı	ımn -	I		Column - II
(a)	Eosii	nophils	3	(i)	Immune response
(b)	Baso	phils		(ii)	Phagocytosis
(c)	Neut	trophil	s	(iii)	Release histaminase, destructive enzymes
(d)	Lym	phocyt	zes	(iv)	Release granules containing histamine
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	

- **58.** Identify the **correct** statement with regard to  $G_1$  phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
  - (1) Nuclear Division takes place.
  - (2) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
  - (3) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
  - (4) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
- **59.** The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :
  - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
  - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
  - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
  - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

 $Identify \ the \ category \ of \ plant \ and \ its \ part:$ 

- (1) Dicotyledonous root
- (2) Monocotyledonous stem
- (3) Monocotyledonous root
- (4) Dicotyledonous stem
- **60.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :
  - (1) Male gametocytes
  - (2) Trophozoites
  - (3) Sporozoites
  - (4) Female gametocytes
- **61.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
  - (1) Low  $pCO_2$  in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (2) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of  $O_2$ .
  - $\begin{array}{ll} (3) & \mbox{Partial pressure of CO}_2\,\mbox{can interfere with} \\ & \mbox{O}_2\,\mbox{binding with haemoglobin.} \end{array}$
  - (4) Higher H<sup>+</sup> conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.

# 8

62.	Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.									
	(a)	Bacillus thuringiensis			(i)	Cloning vector				
	(b)	Ther aqua	mus ticus		(ii)	Construction of first rDNA molecule				
	(c)	-	bacter efacien		(iii)	DNA polymerase				
	(d)		ionella imuriu		(iv)	Cry proteins				
	Selec	et the <b>c</b>	orrec	<b>t</b> optic	on fron	n the following :				
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)					
	(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)					
	(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)					
	(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)					
	(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)					
63.	Flipp of :	ppers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples								
	(1)	Natu	ıral sel	ection						
	(2)	Adap	otive ra	diatio	n					
	(3)	Conv	vergent	t evolu	tion					
	(4)	Indu	strial	melani	sm					
64.		erally xempl	-		l and a	coelomate animals				
	(1)	Anne	elida							
	(2)	Cten	ophora	ι						
	(3)	Platy	vhelmi	nthes						
	(4)	Asch	elmint	thes						
65.		ct the ration		ect ev	rents 1	that occur during				
	(a)	Cont	raction	n of dia	phrag	m				
	(b)	Cont	raction	nofext	ernal i	nter-costal muscles				
	(c)	Puln	ionary	volum	ie decr	eases				
	(d)	Intra	a pulm	onary	pressu	re increases				
	(1)	only	(d)							
	(2)	(a) ai	nd (b)							
	(3)	(c) ar	nd (d)							

(4) (a), (b) and (d)

		110					
66.	Which is the important site of formation or glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells						
	(1)	Polysomes					
	(2)	Endoplasmic reticulum					
	(3)	Peroxisomes					
	(4)	Golgi bodies					
67.	-	hich method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of o formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino ?					
	(1)	Inbreeding					
	(2)	Outcrossing					
	(3)	Mutational breeding					
	(4)	Cross breeding					
68.	veget	e dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter ative inactive stage. This is called quiescent $(G_0)$ . This process occurs at the end of :					
	(1)	$G_2$ phase					
	(2)	Mphase					
	(3)	G <sub>1</sub> phase					
	(4)	Sphase					
69.		h of the following regions of the globe exhibits est species diversity ?					
	(1)	Amazon forests					
	(2)	Western Ghats of India					
	(3)	Madagascar					
	(4)	Himalayas					
70.	Ident	ify the basic amino acid from the following.					
	(1)	Valine					

- (2) Tyrosine
- (3) Glutamic Acid
- (4) Lysine

Hə						1	.0						
71.		ch the <b>ect</b> op		wing	colum	ns and select the	75.	5. Which of the following pairs is of unicellul algae?					s is of unicellular
		Column - I				Column - II		(1) Chlorella and Spirulina					
	(a)	Pitui	itary gi	land	(i)	Grave's disease		(2)	Lam	inaria	and So	argass	um
	(b)	Thyr	oid gla	ınd	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus		(3)	Gelio	<i>lium</i> a	nd <i>Gra</i>	cilario	a
	(c)	Adre	nal gla	ınd	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus		(4)	Anal	baena s	and Vo	lvox	
	(d)	Pano	reas		(iv)	Addison's disease							
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		76.				0	-	to Anaerobic sludge
	(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)			digester for further sewage treatment?					
	(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)			(1)	-				
	(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)			(2)		-	-		
	(4)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)			(3)	Floa	ting de	bris		
72.			he foll i-Chore		stater	ments are <b>true</b> for		(4)	Efflu	ients of	f prim <i>a</i>	ry tre	atment
	(a)	a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout							Match the following columns and select correct option.			ns and select the	
	(b)	their life. In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.							Colı	<b>1mn -</b> ]	I		Column - II
	(0)							(a)	Close	tridiun	n	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
	(c)			ervou	s syst	em is dorsal and			buty	licum			
	(d)	Chor Hen	hollow. Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.					(b)	) Trichoderma (ii) Butyric Ad polysporum		Butyric Acid		
	(1)		nd (c)	nuata.				(c)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Citric Acid		
	(2)		nd (c)						purpureus				
	(3)		nd (a)					(d)	d) Aspergillus niger		(iv)	Blood cholesterol	
	(4)	(a) ai	nd (b)										lowering agent
79	<b>G</b>			1.4					(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
73.						nicotine, strychnine plants for their :		(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
	(1)	Effec	et on re	produ	ction			(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
	(2)	Nutr	ritive v	alue				(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
	(3)	Grov	vth res	ponse				(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
	(4)	Defe	nce act	tion									
74.	Strol	oili or (	cones a	are fou	nd in :		78.	Whie	ch of th	ne follo	wing is	s corr	ect about viroids?
	(1)	Equi	setum					(1)	(1) They have free DNA without protein coat.			thout protein coat.	
	(2)	Salv	inia					(2)	They	v have i	RNA w	rith pr	otein coat.
	(3)	Pteri	$\dot{s}$					(3)	They	v have t	free RN	JA wit	hout protein coat.
	(4)	Marc	chantic	r				(4)	They	have a	DNA w	vith pr	otein coat.

10

H5

	Colı	ımn -	Column - II		
(a)		tridiur licum	n	(i)	Cyclosporin-A
(b)		hodern sporun		(ii)	Butyric Acid
(c)		ascus oureus		(iii)	Citric Acid
(d)	Aspe	rgillus	sniger	(iv)	Blood cholestero lowering agent
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
(0)			(iv)	(iii)	

- e DNA without protein coat.
- A with protein coat.
- RNA without protein coat.
- They have DNA with protein coat. (4)

							1		
79.	Matc	ch the following :							
	(a)	Inhib	oitor of	cataly	tic	(i)	Ricin		
		activi	ity						
	(b)	Posse	ess pep	tide bo	onds	(ii)	Malonate		
	(c)	Cell v fungi		aterial	l in	(iii)	Chitin		
	(d)	Secor	ndary r	netabo	olite	(iv)	Collagen		
	Choo	se the	corre	<b>ct</b> opti	on fror	n the f	ollowing:		
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
	(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)				
	(2)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)				
	(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)				
	(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)				
80.	Goble from		s of a	liment	tary ca	inal a	re modified		
	(1)	Comp	ound	epithel	lial cell	s			
	(2)	Squa	mouse	epithel	ial cell	s			
	(3)	Colui	nnar e	pithel	ial cells	3			
	(4)	Chon	drocyt	es					
81.					e follov iabetes		onditions in tus?		
	(1)	Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia							
	(2)	Uren	nia and	l Ketor	nuria				
	(3)	Uren	nia and	l Rena	l Calcu	ıli			
	(4)	Keto	nuria a	and Gly	ycosuri	a			
82.	Whic diure		e follov	wing w	ould he	elp in p	prevention of		
	(1)	Decre	ease in	n secret	tion of	reninl	by JG cells		
	(2)			ter r tion of .		rptio	n due to		
	(3)	Reabsorption of Na <sup>+</sup> and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone							
	(4)	Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction							
83.	Whic corre		the fo	ollowi	ng sta	ateme	nts is <b>not</b>		
	(1)	Gene		engin	eered i	nsulin	is produced		
	(2)	In m		nsulin	ı is sy	ynthe	sised as a		
	(3)	-	oroins	ulin ha	ıs an ez	xtra pe	eptide called		
	(4)				sulin h v hydro		nd B chains nds.		

- 11
  - 84. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of:
    - (1)Disposal of e-wastes
    - Transport of Genetically modified organisms (2)from one country to another
    - (3)Emission of ozone depleting substances
    - (4)Release of Green House gases
  - 85. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :
    - (1)Recognition site
    - (2)Selectable marker
    - (3)Ori site
    - (4)Palindromic sequence
  - 86. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
    - 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule (1)of 2-C compound
    - 2 molecules of 3-C compound (2)
    - (3)1 molecule of 3-C compound
    - 1 molecule of 6-C compound (4)
  - 87. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :
    - Chalaza (1)
    - (2)Hilum

- (3)Micropyle
- (4)Nucellus
- Which of the following statements is **correct**? 88.
  - (1)Adenine does not pair with thymine.
  - Adenine pairs with thymine through two (2)H-bonds.
  - (3)Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
  - (4)Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.

H5
----

- 12
- 89. Match the following columns and select the 94. correct option.
  - Column I Column - II Gregarious, polyphagous (i) (a) Asterias pest (b) Adult with radial (ii) Scorpion
  - symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry Book lungs Ctenoplana (c) (iii) (d) Bioluminescence (iv) Locusta
  - (c) (d) (a) **(b)** (1)(ii) (i) (iii) (iv) (2)(i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (iv) (3)(i) (ii) (iii) (4)(iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- 90. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
  - (1)Low concentration of FSH
  - (2)High concentration of Estrogen
  - (3)High concentration of Progesterone
  - Low concentration of LH (4)
- 91. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
  - (1)Insulin
  - (2)Haemoglobin
  - (3)Collagen
  - (4)Lectin
- **92**. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive?
  - GIFT and ICSI (1)
  - ZIFT and IUT (2)
  - (3)GIFT and ZIFT
  - ICSI and ZIFT (4)
- Bt cotton variety that was developed by the 93. introduction of toxin gene of Bacillus thuringiensis (Bt) is resistant to :
  - (1)Insect predators
  - (2)Insect pests
  - (3)**Fungal** diseases
  - (4)Plant nematodes

- Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.
  - Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar. (1)
  - (2)The gene (I) has three alleles.
  - (3)A person will have only two of the three alleles.
  - When I<sup>A</sup> and I<sup>B</sup> are present together, they (4)express same type of sugar.
- 95. The ovary is half inferior in :
  - Plum (1)
  - (2)Brinjal
  - (3)Mustard
  - (4)Sunflower
- 96. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :
  - 7 million (1)
  - (2)1.5 million
  - (3)20 million
  - 50 million (4)
- 97. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed:
  - (1)At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
  - (2)Prior to ovulation
  - At the time of copulation (3)
  - After zygote formation (4)
- **98**. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
  - RNA polymerase (1)
  - (2)**DNA** ligase
  - DNA helicase (3)
  - **DNA** polymerase (4)
- **99**. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
  - (1)PS-I to ATP synthase
  - (2)PS-II to Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex
  - (3)Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex to PS-I
  - PS-I to NADP+ (4)

**100.** The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :

- (1) pepsinogen into pepsin
- (2) protein into polypeptides
- (3) trypsinogen into trypsin
- (4) caseinogen into casein
- **101.** Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
  - (1) Inulin, insulin
  - (2) Chitin, cholesterol
  - (3) Glycerol, trypsin
  - (4) Cellulose, lecithin
- **102.** Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
  - (1) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
  - (2) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
  - (3) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
  - (4) They are useful in genetic engineering.
- 103. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :
  - (1) Repolarisation of ventricles
  - (2) Repolarisation of auricles
  - (3) Depolarisation of auricles
  - (4) Depolarisation of ventricles
- **104.** Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
  - (1) Leptotene
  - (2) Pachytene
  - (3) Zygotene
  - (4) Diplotene
- **105.** Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
  - (1) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
  - (2) Ileum opens into small intestine.
  - (3) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
  - (4) Ileum is a highly coiled part.

# **106.** Select the **correct** match.

(1)	Thalassemia	-	X linked
(2)	Haemophilia	-	Y linked
(3)	Phenylketonuria	-	Autosomal dominant trait
(4)	Sickle cell anaemia	-	Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11

- **107.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
  - (1) Species interaction
  - (2) Sex ratio
  - (3) Natality
  - (4) Mortality
- 108. The process of growth is maximum during :
  - (1) Dormancy
  - (2) Log phase
  - (3) Lag phase
  - (4) Senescence
- **109.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Column - I		Column - II
(a)	Bt cotton	(i)	Gene therapy
(b)	Adenosine deaminase deficiency	(ii)	Cellular defence
(c)	RNAi	(iii)	Detection of HIV infection
(d)	PCR	(iv)	Bacillus thuringiensis

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)

- **110.** Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
  - (1) Morgan
  - (2) Mendel
  - (3) Sutton
  - (4) Boveri

- 14
- **111.** If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because :
  - the head holds a 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
  - (2) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
  - (3) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
  - (4) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
- 112. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6 \times 10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
  - (1) 2.7 meters
  - (2) 2.0 meters
  - (3) 2.5 meters
  - (4) 2.2 meters
- **113.** Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action ?
  - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
  - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
  - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
  - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
  - (1) only (d)
  - (2) only (a)
  - (3) (a) and (c)
  - (4) (b), (c) and (d)
- **114.** Identify the **incorrect** statement.
  - (1) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
  - (2) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
  - (3) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
  - (4) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.

- **115.** The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :
  - (1) Lateral roots
  - (2) Fibrous roots
  - (3) Primary roots
  - (4) Prop roots
- **116.** The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :
  - (1) 5' GGATCC 3'
    - 3' CCTAGG 5'
  - (2) 5' GAATTC 3'
  - 3' CTTAAG 5'
  - (3) 5' GGAACC 3' 3' - CCTTGG - 5'
  - (4) 5' CTTAAG 3'

3' - GAATTC - 5'

- 117. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
  - (1) Abscisic acid
  - (2) Cytokinin
  - (3) Gibberellin
  - (4) Ethylene
- **118.** In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :
  - (1) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
  - (2) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
  - (3) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
  - (4) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
- **119.** Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
  - (1) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
  - (2) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
  - (3) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
  - (4) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
- 120. Floridean starch has structure similar to :
  - (1) Laminarin and cellulose
  - (2) Starch and cellulose
  - (3) Amylopectin and glycogen
  - (4) Mannitol and algin

- (1) Ammonia and hydrogen
- (2) Ammonia alone
- (3) Nitrate alone
- (4) Ammonia and oxygen
- **122.** Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	<b>mn -</b> ]	Column - II		
(a)	Typh	oid		(i)	Wuchereria
(b)	Pneu	monia		(ii)	Plasmodium
(c)	Filar	iasis		(iii)	Salmonella
(d)	Mala	ria		(iv)	Haemophilus
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	

# **123.** The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :

- (1) Three
- (2) Zero
- (3) One
- (4) Two
- **124.** The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other :
  - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
  - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
  - (c) Seed inside the fruit
  - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
  - (1) (a) and (d)
  - (2) (a) only
  - (3) (a), (b) and (c)
  - (4) (c) and (d)

- **125.** Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy ?
  - (1) Para-ascorbic acid
  - (2) Gibberellic acid
  - (3) Abscisic acid
  - (4) Phenolic acid
- **126.** Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :
  - (1) eustachian tube
  - (2) lining of intestine
  - (3) ducts of salivary glands
  - (4) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- **127.** From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask :
  - (1)  $CH_3$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at 600°C
  - (2)  $CH_4$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at 800°C
  - (3)  $CH_3$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_4$  and water vapor at 800°C
  - (4)  $CH_4$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at 600°C

#### 128. Select the correct statement.

- (1) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
- (2) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
- (3) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
- (4) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
- **129.** How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits ?
  - (1) 8
  - (2) 4
  - (3) 2
  - (4) 14
- **130.** In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
  - (1) insects and water
  - (2) insects or wind
  - (3) water currents only
  - (4) wind and water

H5							6			
131.	Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:				134.	Choo	ose the <b>correct</b> par	ir from the following :		
	(1)		Oparin					(1)	Exonucleases -	Make cuts at specific
	(2)		Karl Ernst von Baer							positions within DNA
	(3)	Alfre	ed Wal	lace				(2)	Ligases -	Join the two DNA
	(4)	Chai	rles Da	rwin						molecules
132.	Match the following columns and select the <b>correct</b> option.					(3)	Polymerases -	Break the DNA into fragments		
		Colı	ımn -	I		Column - II		(4)	Nucleases -	Separate the two strands
	(a)	Orga	an of C	orti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx	107	<b>T</b>	6 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	of DNA
	(b)	Coch	lea		(ii)	Coiled part of the	135.		first phase of trans	
						labyrinth		(1)	Recognition of an anti-codon	
	(c)	Eust	achiar	n tube	(iii)	Attached to the		(2)	Binding of mRNA	
						ovalwindow		(3)	Recognition of DI	
	(d)	Stap	es		(iv)	Located on the basilar		(4)	Aminoacylation	of tRNA
						membrane	136.	-	-	is given by the following
	(1)	<b>(a)</b> (i)	<b>(b)</b> (ii)	(c) (iv)	<b>(d)</b> (iii)			react	tion.	
	(1)	(i) (ii)	(iii)	(iv) (i)	(iv)				$Sucrose + H_2O \equiv$	$\doteq$ Glucose + Fructose
	(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)			If th	ne equilibrium con	instant (K <sub>c</sub> ) is $2 \times 10^{13}$ at
	(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)			will		$^{\ominus}$ at the same temperature
133.				wing	colum	ns and select the		(1)	$-8.314 \mathrm{J}\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{l}$	$K^{-1} \times 300 K \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
	corr	ect op						(2)	$-8.314 \mathrm{J}\mathrm{mol}^{-1}$	$K^{-1} \times 300 K \times ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
		Colı	ımn -	I		Column - II		(3)	$8.314 \mathrm{J}\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1}$	$^{-1} \times 300 \mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
	(a)	Floa	ting Ri	ibs	(i)	Located between second and		(4)	8.314 J mol <sup>-1</sup> K <sup>-</sup>	$^{-1} \times 300 \mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
	(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	seventh ribs Head of the	137.		ination reaction of -2-ene is :	2-Bromo-pentane to form
						Humerus		(a)	β-Elimination re	action
	(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clavicle		(b)	Follows Zaitsev r	rule
	(d)	Glen	oid cav	vity	(iv)	Do not connect		(c)	Dehydrohalogena	ation reaction
			<b>/</b>		<	with the sternum		(d)	Dehydration read	ction
	(1)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)			(1)	(a), (b), (d)	
	(1) (2)	(iv) (ii)	(iii) (iv)	(i) (i)	(ii) (iii)			(2)	(a), (b), (c)	
	(2)	(i)	(iv) (iii)	(i) (ii)	(iv)			(3)	(a), (c), (d)	
	(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)			(4)	(b), (c), (d)	
							I			

- **138.** Identify the **correct** statement from the following:
  - (1) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
  - (2) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
  - (3) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of  $CO_2$ .
  - (4) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- **139.** The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten  $CaCl_2$  (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol<sup>-1</sup>) is :
  - (1) 4
  - (2) 1
  - (3) 2
  - (4) 3
- 140. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of  $Cr^{2+}$  ion is :
  - (1) 2.84 BM
  - (2) 3.87 BM
  - (3) 4.90 BM
  - (4) 5.92 BM
- 141. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :
  - (1)  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (2)  $\beta$ -D-Glucose +  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose
  - (3)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Glucose
  - (4)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
- **142.** HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl<sub>2</sub>, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s) ?
  - (1) NaCl,  $MgCl_2$  and  $CaCl_2$
  - (2) Both  $MgCl_2$  and  $CaCl_2$
  - (3) Only NaCl
  - (4)  $Only MgCl_2$
- **143.** Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O-linkage?
  - (1)  $H_2S_2O_7$ , pyrosulphuric acid
  - (2)  $H_2SO_3$ , sulphurous acid
  - (3)  $H_2SO_4$ , sulphuric acid
  - (4)  $H_2S_2O_8$ , peroxodisulphuric acid

- **144.** The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :
  - (1)  $q > 0, \Delta T > 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
  - (2)  $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
  - (3)  $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
  - (4)  $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
- 145. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> is  $2 \times 10^{-15}$ .
  - (1)  $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
  - (2)  $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
  - (3)  $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
  - (4)  $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
- **146.** An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
  - (1) collision frequency
  - (2) activation energy
  - (3) heat of reaction
  - (4) threshold energy
- 147. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through  $Cu^{2+}$  (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following ?
  - (1)  $CuCO_3 \cdot Cu(OH)_2$
  - (2) CuSO<sub>4</sub>
  - (3)  $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
  - (4)  $Cu(OH)_2$
- 148. Match the following and identify the **correct** option.

(a)	$CO(g) + H_2(g)$	(1)	Mg(HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> + Ca(HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
(b)	Temporary hardness of water	(ii)	An electron deficient hydride
(c)	$B_2H_6$	(iii)	Synthesis gas

(iv)

Non-planar

structure

(d)  $H_2O_2$ 

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)

H5

- 149. Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?
  - (1) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
  - (2) Sodium lauryl sulphate
  - (3) Sodium stearate
  - (4) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide

# **150.** Match the following :

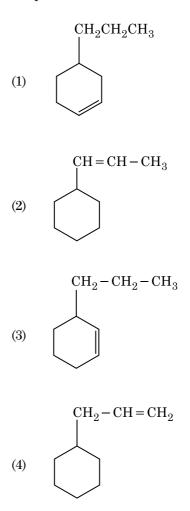
	Oxide		Nature
(a)	СО	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	$Al_2O_3$	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	$Cl_2O_7$	(iv)	Amphoteric
Whic	h of the follow	wing is	correct option ?

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

- **151.** Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?
  - (1) Lysine
  - (2) Serine
  - (3) Alanine
  - (4) Tyrosine
- **152.** The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in  ${}^{175}_{71}$ Lu , respectively, are :
  - (1) 175, 104 and 71
  - (2) 71, 104 and 71
  - (3) 104, 71 and 71
  - (4) 71, 71 and 104

**153.** An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :

18



**154.** Identify the **incorrect** match.

# IUPAC Official Name

(a)	Unnilunium	(i)	Mendelevium
(b)	Unniltrium	(ii)	Lawrencium
(c)	Unnilhexium	(iii)	Seaborgium
(d)	Unununnium	(iv)	Darmstadtium

(d) Unununnium

Name

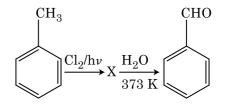
- (1) (d), (iv)
- (2) (a), (i) (3) (b), (ii)
- $\begin{array}{c} (0) & (0), (1) \\ (4) & (c), (11) \end{array}$
- **155.** The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
  - (1) Potassium
  - (2) Iron
  - (3) Copper
  - (4) Calcium

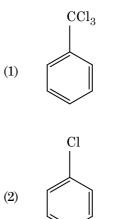
- 156. Paper chromatography is an example of :
  - (1) Column chromatography
  - (2) Adsorption chromatography
  - (3) Partition chromatography
  - (4) Thin layer chromatography
- **157.** On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :
  - (1)  $SO_2$  gas
  - (2) Hydrogen gas
  - (3) Oxygen gas
  - (4)  $H_2S$  gas
- **158.** Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction ?
  - (1) n-Butane
  - (2) n-Hexane
  - (3) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
  - (4) n-Heptane
- **159.** Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
  - (1)  $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
  - (2)  $SCN^- < F^- < C_2 O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (3)  $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
  - (4)  $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- 160. For the reaction,  $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$ , the correct option is :
  - (1)  $\Delta_r H < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S < 0$
  - (2)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
  - (3)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
  - (4)  $\Delta_{\mathbf{r}} \mathbf{H} < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_{\mathbf{r}} \mathbf{S} > 0$
- 161. The rate constant for a first order reaction is  $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :
  - $(1) 1000 \,\mathrm{s}$
  - (2) 100 s
  - (3) 200 s
  - (4) 500 s
- **162.** Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :
  - (1) Cross Aldol condensation
  - (2) Aldol condensation
  - (3) Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (4) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction

163. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :

(1) 
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$
  
(2) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$
  
(3) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$
  
(4) 
$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

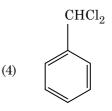
**164.** Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions :







(3)



- 165. The freezing point depression constant ( $K_f$ ) of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol<sup>-1</sup>. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places) :
  - (1) 0.60 K
  - $(2) \quad 0.20 \,\mathrm{K}$
  - (3) 0.80 K
  - (4) 0.40 K
- 166. Identify the incorrect statement.
  - (1) The oxidation states of chromium in  $CrO_4^{2-}$

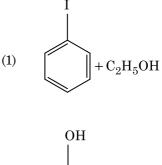
and  $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$  are not the same.

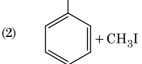
- (2)  $Cr^{2+}(d^4)$  is a stronger reducing agent than  $Fe^{2+}(d^6)$  in water.
- (3) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
- (4) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
- **167.** Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution ?
  - (1) Size of the colloidal particles
  - (2) Viscosity
  - (3) Solubility
  - (4) Stability of the colloidal particles
- 168. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.
  - $(1) \quad O_2$
  - (2) He<sub>2</sub>
  - (3) Li<sub>2</sub>
  - (4)  $C_2$
- **169.** Identify the **correct** statements from the following:
  - (a)  $\operatorname{CO}_2(g)$  is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
  - (b) The structure of  $C_{60}$  contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
  - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
  - $(d) \qquad CO \ is \ colorless \ and \ odourless \ gas.$
  - (1) (c) and (d) only
  - (2) (a), (b) and (c) only
  - (3) (a) and (c) only
  - (4) (b) and (c) only

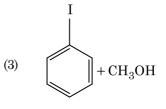
170. A mixture of  $N_2$  and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of  $N_2$  and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of  $N_2$  is :

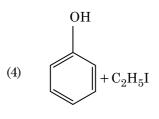
[Use atomic masses (in  $g \mod^{-1}$ ): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 18 bar
- (2) 9 bar
- (3) 12 bar
- (4) 15 bar
- **171.** Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :
  - (1) Isobutyl alcohol
  - (2) Isopropyl alcohol
  - (3) Sec. butyl alcohol
  - (4) Tert. butyl alcohol
- 172. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :



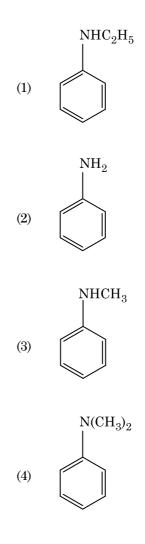






- 173. Which of the following is a natural polymer?
  - (1) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
  - (2) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
  - (3) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
  - (4) polybutadiene
- **174.** Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?
  - (1) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
  - (2) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
  - (3) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
  - (4) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
- **175.** Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms ?
  - (1) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
  - (2)  $1 \operatorname{g} \operatorname{of} \operatorname{Ag}(s)$  [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
  - (3)  $1 \operatorname{g} \operatorname{of} \operatorname{Mg}(s)$  [Atomic mass of  $\operatorname{Mg} = 24$ ]
  - (4)  $1 \operatorname{g} \operatorname{of} O_2(g)$  [Atomic mass of O = 16]
- **176.** Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment ?
  - (1) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
  - (2) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
  - (3) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
  - (4) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- **177.** A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following ?
  - (1) Hyperconjugation
  - (2)  $-I \text{ effect of } -CH_3 \text{ groups}$
  - (3)  $+ R \text{ effect of } CH_3 \text{ groups}$
  - (4) -R effect of  $-CH_3$  groups

178. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?



- **179.** The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is :
  - (1) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
  - (2) Ethanol+Acetone
  - (3) Benzene + Toluene
  - (4) Acetone + Chloroform
- **180.** What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?

 $\mathrm{CH}_4(\mathbf{g}) + 4\mathrm{Cl}_2(\mathbf{g}) \longrightarrow \mathrm{CCl}_4(\mathbf{l}) + 4\mathrm{HCl}(\mathbf{g})$ 

- (1) 0 to -4
- (2) +4 to +4
- (3) 0 to + 4
- (4) -4 to +4

- 0 0 0 -

# 22 Space For Rough Work

# 23 Space For Rough Work

# 24 Space For Rough Work

# NATIONAL TESTING AGENCY National Eligibility cum Entrance Test (UG) - 2020 Final Answer Keys on which the Result Declared on 16.10.2020