### **Test Booklet Code**

## **HAKAN**

**No.**:

**G4** 

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

## Important Instructions:

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
- 3. Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **G4**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet.
- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Car	ndidate (in Capitals) :	
Roll Number	: in figures	
Ivoir I valificor	: in words	
Centre of Exami	ination (in Capitals) :	
	,	_ Invigilator's Signature :
Facsimile signat		
Centre Superint	endent:	

1. Strobili or cones are found in: (1) Pteris (2)Marchantia (3)**Equisetum** Salvinia (4) 2. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents: (1) Depolarisation of auricles (2)Depolarisation of ventricles (3)Repolarisation of ventricles (4)Repolarisation of auricles 3. Match the following columns and select the correct option. Column - I Column - II (a) Placenta (i) Androgens (b) Zona pellucida (ii) **Human Chorionic** Gonadotropin (hCG) **Bulbo-urethral** Layer of the ovum (c) (iii) glands Leydig cells Lubrication of the (d) (iv) Penis (a) (b) **(c)** (d) (1) (i) (iv) (ii) (iii) (2)(iii) (ii)(i) (iv) (3)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (4) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)4. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive? GIFT and ZIFT (1)(2)ICSI and ZIFT (3)GIFT and ICSI ZIFT and IUT **5**. Select the **correct** match. (1) Phenylketonuria Autosomal dominant trait Sickle cell anaemia -Autosomal (2)recessive trait. chromosome-11

(3)

(4)

Thalassemia

Haemophilia

X linked

Ylinked

- 6. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during:
  - (1) Zygotene
  - (2)Diplotene
  - Leptotene (3)
  - Pachytene (4)
- 7. Which of the following is not an attribute of a population?
  - (1) Natality
  - (2)Mortality
  - Species interaction (3)
  - Sex ratio
- 8. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?
  - (1) High concentration of Progesterone
  - (2)Low concentration of LH
  - Low concentration of FSH (3)
  - (4) High concentration of Estrogen
- Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
  - (1) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
  - (2)Ileum is a highly coiled part.
  - (3)Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
  - Ileum opens into small intestine. (4)
- 10. Identify the **incorrect** statement.
  - Sapwood is involved in conduction of water (1) and minerals from root to leaf.
  - (2)Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
  - Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., (3)heart wood is dark in colour.
  - (4) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
- 11. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from:
  - Columnar epithelial cells (1)
  - (2)Chondrocytes
  - (3)Compound epithelial cells
  - (4) Squamous epithelial cells

- 12. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to:
  - (1) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
  - (2) High reflection of light from snow
  - (3) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
  - (4) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
- 13. The process of growth is maximum during:
  - (1) Lag phase
  - (2) Senescence
  - (3) Dormancy
  - (4) Log phase
- **14.** From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask:
  - (1)  $CH_3$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_4$  and water vapor at  $800^{\circ}C$
  - (2) CH<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> and water vapor at 600°C
  - (3) CH<sub>3</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, NH<sub>3</sub> and water vapor at 600°C
  - (4)  $CH_4$ ,  $H_2$ ,  $NH_3$  and water vapor at  $800^{\circ}C$
- **15.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :
  - (1) Sporozoites
  - (2) Female gametocytes
  - (3) Male gametocytes
  - (4) Trophozoites
- **16.** Which of the following statements is **correct**?
  - (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
  - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
  - (3) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
  - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.

17. Choose the **correct** pair from the following:

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- (1) Polymerases Break the DNA into fragments
- (2) Nucleases Separate the two strands of DNA
- $\begin{array}{ccc} \hbox{(3)} & \hbox{Exonucleases-} & \hbox{Make cuts at specific} \\ & \hbox{positions within DNA} \end{array}$
- (4) Ligases Join the two DNA molecules
- **18.** If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because:
  - (1) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
  - (2) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
  - (3) the head holds a 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
  - (4) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
- 19. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage ( $G_0$ ). This process occurs at the end of:
  - (1)  $G_1$  phase
  - (2) Sphase
  - $G_2$  phase
  - (4) M phase
- **20.** The ovary is half inferior in:
  - (1) Mustard
  - (2) Sunflower
  - (3) Plum
  - (4) Brinjal
- **21.** The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed:
  - (1) Ori site
  - (2) Palindromic sequence
  - (3) Recognition site
  - (4) Selectable marker

G 4 22.	In su	otov hr	rogintk	ond 11	zotov li	ly, pollination takes	4   26.	The	first phase of translation is :		
<i>-</i> 2.		e by:	aciiiii	i aiiu w	avern	ly, polimation takes	20.	(1) Recognition of DNA molecule			
	(1)	wate	er curr	ents or	nly			(2)	Aminoacylation of tRNA		
	(2)	wind	d and v	vater					•		
	(3)			l wateı				(3)	Recognition of an anti-codon		
	(4)	inse	cts or v	vind				(4)	Binding of mRNA to ribosome		
23.			_	sm wit		se in biotechnology.	27.		otic division of the secondary oocyte is pleted:		
	(a)	Bacillus (i) thuringiensis			(i)	Cloning vector		(1) At the time of copulation			
	(b)				(2)	After zygote formation					
	aquaticus first rDNA molecule		$\operatorname{first}\operatorname{rDNA}$		(3)	At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum					
	(c)	(c) $Agrobacterium$ (iii) DNA polymerase $tume faciens$		DNA polymerase		(4)	Prior to ovulation				
	(d)	Saln	nonella imurii	a	(iv)	Cryproteins	28.	In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragmer can be visualized with the help of:			
	Colo				on fuon	a the following.		(1)	Ethidium bromide in UV radiation		
	Sele	(a)	(b)	(c)	( <b>d</b> )	n the following:		(2)	Acetocarmine in UV radiation		
	(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)			(3)	Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation		
	(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)			(4)	Acetocarmine in bright blue light		
	(3) (4)	(iii) (ii)	(iv) (iv)	(i) (iii)	(ii) (i)		29.		tify the <b>correct</b> statement with regard to hase (Gap 1) of interphase.		
24.		ne the e x durin	-			tes opening of DNA		(1)	Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.		
		DNA			.011			(2)	Cell is metabolically active, grows but does		
	(2)		A polyn					( )	not replicate its DNA.		
	(3)	RNA	A polyn	nerase				(3)	Nuclear Division takes place.		
	(4)	DNA	A ligase	Э				(4)	$DNA\ synthesis\ or\ replication\ takes\ place.$		
<b>25.</b>				-		with the causative ect option.	30.	Ray	florets have :		
	J		umn -			Column - II		(1)	Superior ovary		
	(a)	Typł			(i)	Wuchereria		(2)	Hypogynous ovary		
	(b)		umonia			Plasmodium		(3)	Half inferior ovary		
				1	(ii)			(4)	Inferior ovary		
	(c)		riasis		(iii)	Salmonella		D.1			
	(d)	Mala <b>(a)</b>	arıa (b)	(c)	(iv) (d)	Haemophilus	31.		terally symmetrical and acoelomate animals exemplified by :		
	(1)	(a) (iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)			(1)	Platyhelminthes		
	(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)			(2)	Aschelminthes		
	(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			(3)	Annelida		
	(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)			(4)	Ctenophora		

(4)

Ctenophora

- **32.** Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure:
  - (1) Glycerol, trypsin
  - (2) Cellulose, lecithin
  - (3) Inulin, insulin
  - (4) Chitin, cholesterol
- **33.** Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
  - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
  - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
  - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
  - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
  - (1) (c) and (d)
  - (2) (a), (b) and (d)
  - (3) only (d)
  - (4) (a) and (b)
- **34.** Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae?
  - (1) Gelidium and Gracilaria
  - (2) Anabaena and Volvox
  - (3) Chlorella and Spirulina
  - (4) Laminaria and Sargassum
- **35.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	Ι		Column - II
(a)	Eosii	nophils	3	(i)	Immune response
(b)	Baso	phils		(ii)	Phagocytosis
(c)	Neut	trophil	s	(iii)	Release
					histaminase,
					destructive
					enzymes
(d)	Lym	phocyt	tes	(iv)	Release granules
					containing
					histamine
	(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)	
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)	
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	

- **36.** Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :
  - (1) Convergent evolution
  - (2) Industrial melanism
  - (3) Natural selection
  - (4) Adaptive radiation

- **37.** Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :
  - (1) ducts of salivary glands
  - (2) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
  - (3) eustachian tube

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- (4) lining of intestine
- **38.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I	Column - II				
(a)	6 - 18	5 pairs	of	(i)	Trygon			
	gill s	lits						
(b)	Hete	rocerc	al	(ii)	Cyclostomes			
	caud	al fin						
(c)	Air E	Bladder	ſ	(iii)	Chondrichthyes			
(d)	Poise	on stin	g	(iv)	Osteichthyes			
	(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)				
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)				
(2)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)				
(3)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)				
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)				

- **39.** The plant parts which consist of two generations one within the other:
  - (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
  - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
  - (c) Seed inside the fruit
  - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
  - (1) (a), (b) and (c)
  - (2) (c) and (d)
  - (3) (a) and (d)
  - (4) (a) only
- **40.** Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :
  - (1) Emission of ozone depleting substances
  - (2) Release of Green House gases
  - (3) Disposal of e-wastes
  - (4) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
- **41.** Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals?
  - (1) Collagen
  - (2) Lectin
  - (3) Insulin
  - (4) Haemoglobin

- **42.** The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is:
  - (1) 5' GGAACC 3'
    - 3' CCTTGG 5'
  - (2) 5' CTTAAG 3'
    - 3' GAATTC 5'
  - (3) 5' GGATCC 3'
    - 3' CCTAGG 5'
  - (4) 5' GAATTC 3'
    - 3' CTTAAG 5'
- 43. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6 \times 10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately:
  - (1) 2.5 meters
  - (2) 2.2 meters
  - (3) 2.7 meters
  - (4) 2.0 meters
- 44. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are:
  - (1) Nitrate alone
  - (2) Ammonia and oxygen
  - (3) Ammonia and hydrogen
  - (4) Ammonia alone
- **45.** Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action?
  - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
  - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
  - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
  - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
  - (1) (a) and (c)
  - (2) (b), (c) and (d)
  - (3) only (d)
  - (4) only (a)
- **46.** Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity?
  - (1) Madagascar
  - (2) Himalayas
  - (3) Amazon forests
  - (4) Western Ghats of India

- **47.** Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells?
  - (1) Peroxisomes
  - (2) Golgi bodies
  - (3) Polysomes
  - (4) Endoplasmic reticulum
- 48. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits?
  - (1) 2
  - (2) 14
  - (3) 8
  - $(4) \qquad 4$
- **49.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II Located between			
(a)	Floa	ting Ri	.bs	(i)				
					second and			
					seventh ribs			
(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the			
					Humerus			
(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clavicle			
(d)	Glen	oid cav	vity	(iv)	Do not connect			
					with the sternum			
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				
(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)				
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)				
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)				
(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)				

- **50.** Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
  - (1) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
  - (2) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
  - (3) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
  - (4) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
- **51.** Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
  - (1) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
  - (2) They are useful in genetic engineering.
  - (3) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
  - (4) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.

**52.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

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#### Column - I Column - II (a) Clostridium (i) Cyclosporin-A butylicum Trichoderma(b) (ii) Butyric Acid polysporum Monascus (iii) Citric Acid (c) purpureus (d) Blood cholesterol Aspergillus niger (iv) lowering agent (a) (b) **(c)** (d) (1) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (2)(i) (ii) (iv) (iii) (3) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i) (ii) (i) (4) (iii)(iv)

- **53.** Match the following with respect to meiosis:
  - (a) Zygotene (i) Terminalization
  - (b) Pachytene (ii) Chiasmata
  - (c) Diplotene (iii) Crossing over
  - (d) Diakinesis (iv) Synapsis

Select the **correct** option from the following:

(a) (b) **(c)** (d) (1) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i) (2)(i) (ii)(iv) (iii) (3)(ii) (iv) (iii) (i)

(iv)

(4)

(iii)

**54.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.

(i)

(1) Partial pressure of  $CO_2$  can interfere with  $O_2$  binding with haemoglobin.

(ii)

- (2) Higher H<sup>+</sup> conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- (3) Low pCO<sub>2</sub> in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- (4) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of  $O_2$ .

- **55.** Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis?
  - (1) Reabsorption of Na<sup>+</sup> and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
  - (2) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
  - (3) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
  - (4) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
- **56.** Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect**?
  - (1) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
  - (2) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
  - (3) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
  - (4) They are not bound by any membrane.
- **57.** Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to:
  - (1) Fungal diseases
  - (2) Plant nematodes
  - (3) Insect predators
  - (4) Insect pests
- **58.** By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams?
  - (1) Mutational breeding
  - (2) Cross breeding
  - (3) Inbreeding
  - (4) Out crossing
- **59.** Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata?
  - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
  - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
  - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
  - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla: Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
  - (1) (c) and (a)
  - (2) (a) and (b)
  - (3) (b) and (c)
  - (4) (d) and (c)

G4							8	3								
60.	Sele	ct the <b>c</b>	correc	e <b>t</b> state	ement.			64.					_	<b>not</b> an inhibitory		
	(1)	Gluc	agon i	s assoc	ciated v	vith hy	ypoglycemia.		subs		-	_	ed dori	mancy?		
	(2)				n pan	creati	c cells and		(1)							
	(2)	_	ocytes.		400	-h h-m	onalmonio		(2)							
	(3)						erglycemia.		(3)	Para	-ascor	bic aci	d			
	(4)	Giuc	ocortic	coras si	umuiai	te gruc	oneogenesis.		(4)	Gibb	erellic	acid				
61.		ch the		wing	colum	ns an	d select the	65.	In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one							
		Colu	ımn -	I		Co	lumn - II							correct?		
	(a)	Greg pest	garious	s, polyp	hagou	s (i)	Asterias		(1)	(1) Gross primary productivity is alw than net primary productivity.			•			
	(b)	sym	metry	radial and la	rva	(ii)	Scorpion		(2)	Gross primary productivity and Net productivity are one and same.						
	(c)	with bilateral symmetry Book lungs				(iii)	Ctenoplana		(3)	Ther				nip between Gross		
	(d)		amines			(iv)	Locusta			-	ary p uctivit		tivity	tivity and Net primary		
	()	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(= · /			(4)	_	Gross primary productiv		ivity is always less			
	(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)				(-)		-			ctivity.		
	(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)				m			1 .				
	(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)			66.		-			_	os in conversion of :		
	(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)				(1)		sinoge			1		
62.	Mate	ch the t	ronhic	levels	with th	neir co	rrect species		(2)		inogen					
<b>02.</b>		fatch the trophic levels with their <b>correct</b> species xamples in grassland ecosystem.							(3)		inogen	-	-			
	(a)	Four	rth troj	phic le	vel	(i)	Crow		(4)	prote	ein into	polyp	eptide	S		
	(b)	Seco	nd troj	phic le	vel	(ii)	Vulture	67.	Match the following columns and select					ns and select the		
	(c)	First	t troph	ic leve	-1	(iii)	Rabbit		correct option.							
	(d)	Thir	d tropl	hic leve	el	(iv)	Grass			Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II		
	` ,	ct the c	_						(a)	Bt co	tton		(i)	Gene therapy		
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				(b)	Ader	osine		(ii)	Cellular defence		
	(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)				,		ninase		. ,			
	(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)					defic	iency					
	(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)				(c)	RNA	i		(iii)	Detection of HIV		
	(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)									infection		
63.	spra	ying o	n suga	rcane	crop, ii	ncreas	which upon es the length of sugarcane		(d)	PCR			(iv)	Bacillus thuringiensis		
	crop		1110	.1 CUBII.	-5 mic	, iciu (	or bugarcane			(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)			
	(1)	Gibb	erellin	L					(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)			
	(2)	Ethy	lene						(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)			
	(3)		eisic ac	id					(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)			
	(4)	(4) Cytokinin							(4)	(iv) (i) (ii) (iii)						

						9						$\mathbf{G}4$
68.	Iden	tify th	e basic	amino	o acid from the following.	72.		ch the		wing	colum	ns and select the
	(1)	Glut	amic A	Acid				Colu	ımn -	I		Column - II
	(2)	Lysi					(a)	Orga	Organ of Corti			Connects middle ear and pharynx
	(3) (4)	Valii Tyrc					(b)	Cochlea			(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth
			(c) Eustachian tube						1 tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window	
69.			following unction	-	cerning essential elements lants :	3	(d)	Stap	es		(iv)	Located on the
	(a)	Iron		(i)	Photolysis of water							membrane
	(b)	Zinc		(ii)	Pollen germination		(1)	(a) (iii)	<b>(b)</b> (i)	(c) (iv)	(d) (ii)	
	(c)	Boro	n	(iii)	Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis	l	(2) (3)	(iv) (i)	(ii) (ii)	(i) (iv)	(iii) (iii)	
	(d)	Man	ganese	(iv)	IAA biosynthesis		(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	
	Sele	ct the	correc	e <b>t</b> optio	on:	73.						nicotine, strychnine plants for their :
		(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)		(1)		vth res	-		
	(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)		(2) (3)		nce ac	tion eprodu	ation	
	(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)		(4)		ritive v	-	CUOII	
	(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	74.	According to Robert May, the global diversity is about:				the global species	
	(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)		(1) (2)	20 m	illion illion			
70.					ne following conditions in	1	(3) (4)	7 mi				
	urin (1)				Diabetes Mellitus ? al Calculi	75.	The at:	body o	of the o	ovule is	s fused	within the funicle
	(2)	Keto	muria	and Gl	ycosuria		(1)		opyle			
							(2)	Nuce				
	(3)	Rena	al calcı	ıli and	Hyperglycaemia		(3) (4)	Chal Hilu				
	(4)	(4) Uremia and Ketonuria						ch of		ollow	ing st	atements is <b>not</b>
71.	Whi	ch of tl	he follo	wing i	s <b>correct</b> about viroids?		(1)	correct? (1) The proinsulin has an extra peptide c. C-peptide.				
	(1)	-			NA without protein coat.		(2)	The	functi			has A and B chains ogen bonds.
	(2)	They	y have	DNA v	vith protein coat.		(3)	Gen	etically	v engir	neered	insulin is produced

They have free DNA without protein coat.

They have RNA with protein coat.

(3)

(4)

in E-Coli.

proinsulin.

(4)

In man insulin is synthesised as a

- **77.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
  - (1) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
  - (2) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
  - (3) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
  - (4) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
- **78.** The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :
  - (1) Primary roots
  - (2) Prop roots
  - (3) Lateral roots
  - (4) Fibrous roots
- **79.** The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :
  - (1) One
  - (2) Two
  - (3) Three
  - (4) Zero
- **80.** Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
  - (1) Sutton
  - (2) Boveri
  - (3) Morgan
  - (4) Mendel
- 81. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is:
  - (1) Root pressure
  - (2) Imbibition
  - (3) Plasmolysis
  - (4) Transpiration

- **82.** The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of:
  - (1) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
  - (2) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
  - (3) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
  - (4) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
- **83.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.
  - (1) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
  - (2) When  $I^A$  and  $I^B$  are present together, they express same type of sugar.
  - (3) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
  - (4) The gene (I) has three alleles.
- **84.** Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment?
  - (1) Floating debris
  - (2) Effluents of primary treatment
  - (3) Activated sludge
  - (4) Primary sludge
- **85.** Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
  - (1) Alfred Wallace
  - (2) Charles Darwin
  - (3) Oparin
  - (4) Karl Ernst von Baer
- **86.** Floridean starch has structure similar to:
  - (1) Amylopectin and glycogen
  - (2) Mannitol and algin
  - (3) Laminarin and cellulose
  - (4) Starch and cellulose

#### 87. Match the following:

- Inhibitor of catalytic Ricin (a) (i) activity
- Possess peptide bonds Malonate (b) (ii)
- Cell wall material in (c) (iii) Chitin
- (d) Secondary metabolite (iv) Collagen

Choose the **correct** option from the following:

- (a) (b) **(c)** (d)
- (1) (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)
- (2)(iii) (iv) (i) (ii)
- (3)(ii) (iii) (i) (iv)
- (4) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- 88. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

#### Column - I Column - II

- (a) Pituitary gland (i)
- Grave's disease
- Thyroid gland (b)
- (ii)Diabetes mellitus
- Adrenal gland (c)
- Diabetes insipidus (iii)
- (d) Pancreas
- Addison's disease
- (iv)
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)
- (2)(i) (iii) (iv) (ii)
- (3)(ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
- (4)(iv) (iii) (i) (ii)

#### 89. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features:

- Large number of scattered vascular bundles (a) surrounded by bundle sheath.
- (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
- (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
- (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part:

- Monocotyledonous root (1)
- (2)Dicotyledonous stem
- (3)Dicotyledonous root
- (4)Monocotyledonous stem

90. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from:

- Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex to PS-I (1)
- PS-I to NADP+ (2)
- (3)PS-I to ATP synthase
- (4) PS-II to Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex

Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming 91. from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is:

- $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$ (1)
- $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \, \mathrm{rad}$ (2)
- $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \, \text{rad}$ (3)
- $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \, \mathrm{rad}$

When a uranium isotope  $^{235}_{\phantom{0}92}\rm U$  is bombarded with a neutron, it generates  $^{89}_{\phantom{0}36}\rm Kr$  , three neutrons 92.

- $^{91}_{40}{
  m Zr}$ (1)
- (2)
- (3)

93. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of  $16 \times 10^{-9}$  C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is:

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1)
- (2)400 V
- (3)zero
- (4) 50 V

94. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence i on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is  $\mu$ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to:

- 2A(1)
- (2)
- (3)

- **95.** A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth?
  - (1) 32 N
  - (2) 30 N
  - (3) 24 N
  - (4) 48 N
- **96.** For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid?
  - (1) Singly ionised helium atom (He<sup>+</sup>)
  - (2) Deuteron atom
  - (3) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne<sup>+</sup>)
  - (4) Hydrogen atom
- 97. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is:
  - (1) 5.0 g
  - (2) 10.0 g
  - (3) 20.0 g
  - (4) 2.5 g
- **98.** A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is:

- (1) 0.25 mm
- (2) 0.5 mm
- (3) 1.0 mm
- (4) 0.01 mm
- 99. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m $^{-1}$ . The permeability of the material of the rod is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1)  $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T} \,\mathrm{m} \,\mathrm{A}^{-1}$
- (2)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$

- 100. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is:
  - (1)  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$  rad
  - (2)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  rad
  - (3) zero
  - (4)  $\pi$  rad
- **101.** The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is:
  - (1)  $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (2)  $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (3)  $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (4)  $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
- 102. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10  $\Omega$  resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3:2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1  $\Omega$  of the resistance wire is:
  - (1)  $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
  - (2)  $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$
  - (3)  $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
  - (4)  $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{103.} & The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas \\ & is: (k_B \ is \ Boltzmann \ constant \ and \ T, \ absolute \\ & temperature) \end{tabular}$ 
  - (1)  $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$
  - (2)  $\frac{5}{2}$  k<sub>B</sub>T
  - (3)  $\frac{7}{2}$  k<sub>B</sub>T
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{2} \, k_B T$
- 104. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is: (c = speed of electromagnetic waves)
  - (1) 1:1
  - (2) 1:c
  - (3)  $1:c^2$
  - (4) c: 1

- 105. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is:  $(g=10 \text{ m/s}^2)$ 
  - (1) 340 m
  - (2) 320 m
  - (3) 300 m
  - (4) 360 m
- **106.** A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is:

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1)  $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (2)  $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (3)  $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- (4)  $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
- 107. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
  - (1) 9.98 m
  - (2) 9.980 m
  - (3) 9.9 m
  - (4) 9.9801 m
- 108. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
  - (1) four times
  - (2) one-fourth
  - (3) zero
  - (4) doubled
- **109.** The color code of a resistance is given below:



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are:

- (1)  $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (2)  $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (3)  $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (4)  $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$

110. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

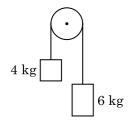
The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of:

- (1) 50 cm
- (2) 67 cm
- (3) 80 cm
- (4) 33 cm
- 111. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct**?
  - (1) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
  - (2) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
  - (3) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
  - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
- 112. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as:
  - $(1) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \, n\pi d^2}$
  - (2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}^2 \pi \text{d}^2}$
  - (3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \text{ n}\pi d}$
- **113.** A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature 27°C.

Its density is:  $(R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1})$ 

- (1)  $0.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (2)  $0.1 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (3)  $0.02 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (4)  $0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- 114. A charged particle having drift velocity of  $7.5\times10^{-4}$  m s<sup>-1</sup> in an electric field of  $3\times10^{-10}$  Vm<sup>-1</sup>, has a mobility in m<sup>2</sup> V<sup>-1</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> of:
  - (1)  $2.5 \times 10^6$
  - (2)  $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$
  - (3)  $2.25 \times 10^{-15}$
  - (4)  $2.25 \times 10^{15}$

- 115. Dimensions of stress are:
  - (1)  $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
  - (2)  $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
  - (3)  $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$
  - (4) [MLT<sup>-2</sup>]
- $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{116.} & A \ wire \ of \ length \ L, \ area \ of \ cross \ section \ A \ is \ hanging \\ from \ a \ fixed \ support. & The \ length \ of \ the \ wire \\ changes \ to \ L_1 \ when \ mass \ M \ is \ suspended \ from \ its \\ free \ end. & The \ expression \ for \ Young's \ modulus \ is: \\ \end{array}$ 
  - $(1) \qquad \frac{\mathrm{Mg}(\mathrm{L}_1 \mathrm{L})}{\mathrm{AL}}$
  - (2)  $\frac{\text{MgL}}{\text{AL}_1}$
  - $(3) \qquad \frac{\mathrm{MgL}}{\mathrm{A(L_1-L)}}$
  - $(4) \qquad \frac{\mathrm{MgL}_1}{\mathrm{AL}}$
- 117. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
  - (1) 524 Hz
  - (2) 536 Hz
  - (3) 537 Hz
  - (4) 523 Hz
- 118. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is:

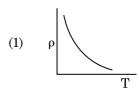


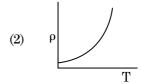
- (1) g/2
- (2) g/5
- (3) g/10
- (4) g

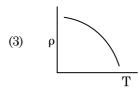
119. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6  $\mu F$ . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30  $\mu F$ . The permittivity of the medium is:

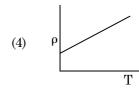
$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1)  $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2)  $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3)  $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4)  $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- **120.** In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes:
  - (1) half
  - (2) four times
  - (3) one-fourth
  - (4) double
- 121. Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm<sup>2</sup> falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm<sup>2</sup>. The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is:
  - (1)  $12 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (2)  $24 \times 10^3 \,\text{J}$
  - (3)  $48 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
  - (4)  $10 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
- 122. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity ( $\rho$ ) with temperature (T) for copper ?









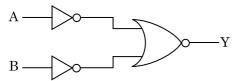
- 123. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  ${\bf r}_1$  and  ${\bf r}_2$  ( ${\bf r}_1$ =1.5  ${\bf r}_2$ ) through 1 K are in the ratio:
  - $(1) \qquad \frac{9}{4}$
  - $(2) \qquad \frac{3}{2}$
  - $(3) \qquad \frac{5}{3}$
  - (4)  $\frac{27}{8}$
- 124. Find the torque about the origin when a force of  $3\hat{j}$  N acts on a particle whose position vector is  $2\hat{k}$  m.
  - (1) 6j N m
  - (2)  $-6\hat{i}$  N m
  - (3)  $6\hat{k}$  N m
  - (4) 6i N m
- 125. In a certain region of space with volume  $0.2~\text{m}^3$ , the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :
  - (1) 0.5 N/C
  - (2) 1 N/C
  - (3) 5 N/C
  - (4) zero
- **126.** The Brewsters angle  $i_b$  for an interface should be :
  - (1)  $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
  - (2)  $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
  - (3)  $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
  - (4)  $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
- **127.** The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :
  - (1) reverse bias only
  - (2) both forward bias and reverse bias
  - (3) increase in forward current
  - (4) forward bias only

128. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of  $3.2 \times 10^{-7}$  C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1)  $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- (2)  $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (3)  $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
- (4)  $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- 129. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is  $10^{-20}$  J. This value in eV is nearly :
  - (1) 0.6
  - (2) 0.06
  - (3) 0.006
  - (4) 6
- 130. A 40  $\mu F$  capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly:
  - (1) 2.05 A
  - (2) 2.5 A
  - (3) 25.1 A
  - (4) 1.7 A
- 131. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is  $1.227 \times 10^{-2}$  nm, the potential difference is:
  - (1)  $10^2 \, \text{V}$
  - (2)  $10^3 \,\mathrm{V}$
  - (3)  $10^4 \, \text{V}$
  - (4) 10 V
- 132. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is:
  - (1) adiabatic
  - (2) isochoric
  - (3) isobaric
  - (4) isothermal

**133.** For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is:



- (1) A B Y
  0 0 0
  0 1 1
  1 0 1
  1 1 1
- Y (2)A В 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 1 1 1 0
- В Y (3)Α 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 0
- (4) A B Y
  0 0 0
  0 1 0
  1 0 0
  1 1 1
- **134.** The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
  - (1) insulators only
  - (2) semiconductors only
  - (3) insulators and semiconductors
  - (4) metals
- 135. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is:
  - (1) 0.5
  - (2) 1.0
  - (3) -1.0
  - (4) zero

**136.** Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $Sucrose + H_2O \Longrightarrow Glucose + Fructose$ 

If the equilibrium constant ( $K_c$ ) is  $2\times 10^{13}$  at 300 K, the value of  $\Delta_r G^\ominus$  at the same temperature will be :

- (1)  $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2)  $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (3)  $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (4)  $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- **137.** Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
  - (1) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
  - (2)  $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g) \text{ [Atomic mass of } O = 16]$
  - (3) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
  - (4) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- **138.** Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide?
  - (1) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
  - (2) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (3) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
  - (4) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
- **139.** The calculated spin only magnetic moment of  $Cr^{2+}$  ion is :
  - (1) 4.90 BM
  - (2) 5.92 BM
  - (3) 2.84 BM
  - (4) 3.87 BM
- **140.** Which of the following is a natural polymer?
  - (1) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
  - (2) polybutadiene
  - (3) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
  - (4) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
- **141.** Which of the following is a basic amino acid?
  - (1) Alanine
  - (2) Tyrosine
  - (3) Lysine
  - (4) Serine

142. A mixture of  $N_2$  and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of  $N_2$  and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of  $N_2$  is:

[Use atomic masses (in g mol $^{-1}$ ): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 12 bar
- (2) 15 bar
- (3) 18 bar
- (4) 9 bar
- **143.** Paper chromatography is an example of:
  - (1) Partition chromatography
  - (2) Thin layer chromatography
  - (3) Column chromatography
  - (4) Adsorption chromatography
- 144. For the reaction,  $2Cl(g) \to Cl_2(g),$  the  $\boldsymbol{correct}$  option is :
  - (1)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
  - (2)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
  - (3)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
  - (4)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
- 145. Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form B. B when passed through  $Cu^{2+}$  (aq), deep blue colour solution C is formed. What is the formula of C from the following?
  - (1)  $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$
  - (2)  $Cu(OH)_2$
  - (3)  $CuCO_3 \cdot Cu(OH)_2$
  - (4)  $CuSO_4$
- **146.** On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be:
  - (1) Oxygen gas
  - (2)  $H_2S$  gas
  - (3)  $SO_2$  gas
  - (4) Hydrogen gas

- **147.** An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is:
  - $(1) \qquad \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - (2)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - $(3) \qquad \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - (4)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
- **148.** An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
  - (1) heat of reaction
  - (2) threshold energy
  - (3) collision frequency
  - (4) activation energy
- **149.** Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction?
  - (1) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
  - (2) n-Heptane
  - (3) n-Butane
  - (4) n-Hexane
- 150. Identify the incorrect statement.
  - (1) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
  - (2) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
  - (3) The oxidation states of chromium in  $CrO_4^{2-}$  and  $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$  are not the same.
  - (4)  ${\rm Cr}^{2+}({\rm d}^4)$  is a stronger reducing agent than  ${\rm Fe}^{2+}({\rm d}^6)$  in water.
- **151.** Which of the following is a cationic detergent?
  - (1) Sodium stearate
  - (2) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
  - (3) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
  - (4) Sodium lauryl sulphate

- **152.** A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
  - (1) + R effect of  $CH_3$  groups
  - (2) -R effect of  $-CH_3$  groups
  - (3) Hyperconjugation
  - (4) -I effect of  $-CH_3$  groups
- **153.** Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
  - (1)  $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
  - (2)  $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (3)  $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
  - (4)  $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- **154.** Identify the **correct** statement from the following:
  - (1) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of  ${\rm CO}_2$ .
  - (2) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
  - (3) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
  - (4) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
- **155.** Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
  - (1) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
  - (2) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
  - (3) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
  - (4) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- **156.** Match the following and identify the **correct** option.
  - (a)  $CO(g) + H_2(g)$
- (i)  $Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
- (b) Temporary hardness of water
- (ii) An electron deficient hydride
- (c)  $B_2H_6$
- (iii) Synthesis gas
- $(d) \qquad \overset{-}{H_2}O_2$
- (iv) Non-planar structure
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (1) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- $(2) \qquad (iii) \qquad (iv) \qquad (ii) \qquad (i)$
- (3) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv) (4) (iii) (i) (ii) (iv)

- 157. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in  $^{175}_{71} {
  m Lu}$  , respectively, are :
  - (1) 104, 71 and 71
  - (2) 71, 71 and 104
  - (3) 175, 104 and 71
  - (4) 71, 104 and 71
- 158. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten  $CaCl_2$  (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol<sup>-1</sup>) is:
  - (1) 2

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- (2) 3
- (3) 4
- (4) 1
- **159.** Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
  - (a) β-Elimination reaction
  - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
  - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
  - (d) Dehydration reaction
  - (1) (a), (c), (d)
  - (2) (b), (c), (d)
  - (3) (a), (b), (d)
  - (4) (a), (b), (c)
- **160.** Identify the **correct** statements from the following:
  - (a)  ${\rm CO}_2({\rm g})$  is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
  - (b) The structure of  $C_{60}$  contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
  - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
  - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
  - (1) (a) and (c) only
  - (2) (b) and (c) only
  - (3) (c) and (d) only

(c), (iii)

(d), (iv)

(a), (i)

(2)

(3)

(4)

- (4) (a), (b) and (c) only
- 161. Identify the incorrect match.

### . Identify the **incorrect** match.

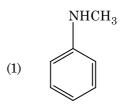
#### Name **IUPAC Official Name** Unnilunium Mendelevium (a) (i) Unniltrium (ii) Lawrencium (b) Unnilhexium Seaborgium (c) (iii) Darmstadtium (d) Unununnium (iv) (1) (b), (ii)

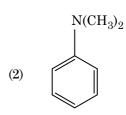
- 162. The freezing point depression constant  $(K_f)$  of benzene is  $5.12~K~kg~mol^{-1}$ . The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places):
  - (1) 0.80 K
  - (2) 0.40 K
  - (3) 0.60 K
  - (4) 0.20 K
- **163.** What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction?

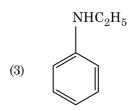
$$CH_4(g) + 4Cl_2(g) \rightarrow CCl_4(l) + 4HCl(g)$$

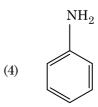
- (1) 0 to +4
- (2) -4 to +4
- (3) 0 to -4
- (4) + 4 to + 4
- 164. The rate constant for a first order reaction is  $4.606\times10^{-3}~s^{-1}$ . The time required to reduce 2.0~g of the reactant to 0.2~g is :
  - (1) 200 s
  - (2) 500 s
  - (3) 1000 s
  - (4) 100 s
- **165.** The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is:
  - (1) Benzene + Toluene
  - (2) Acetone + Chloroform
  - (3) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
  - (4) Ethanol + Acetone
- **166.** Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage?
  - (1)  $H_2SO_4$ , sulphuric acid
  - (2)  $H_2S_2O_8$ , peroxodisulphuric acid
  - (3)  $H_2S_2O_7$ , pyrosulphuric acid
  - (4) H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub>, sulphurous acid
- **167.** Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution?
  - (1) Solubility
  - (2) Stability of the colloidal particles
  - (3) Size of the colloidal particles
  - (4) Viscosity
- 168. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives:
  - (1)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Glucose
  - (2)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (3)  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - β-D-Glucose + α-D-Fructose

- 169. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH) $_2$  in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH) $_2$  is  $2\times10^{-15}$ .
  - (1)  $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
  - (2)  $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
  - (3)  $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
  - (4)  $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
- **170.** The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is:
  - (1)  $q = 0, \Delta T < 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
  - (2)  $q < 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
  - (3)  $q > 0, \Delta T > 0 \text{ and } w > 0$
  - (4)  $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
- **171.** Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?

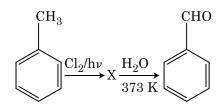








172. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:



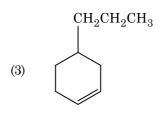
$$(1) \qquad \begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH_2Cl} \\ \end{array}$$

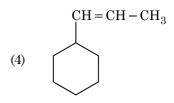
- **173.** Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as:
  - (1) Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (2) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (3) Cross Aldol condensation
  - (4) Aldol condensation
- 174. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.
  - (1) Li<sub>2</sub>
  - $(2) \qquad {\rm C}_2$
  - $O_2$
  - (4) He<sub>2</sub>

**175.** An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is:

$$\begin{array}{c} \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{CH}_2 - \operatorname{CH}_3 \\ \end{array} \tag{1}$$

$$CH_2 - CH = CH_2$$
(2)





- 176. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
  - (1) Copper
  - (2) Calcium
  - (3) Potassium
  - (4) Iron

### 177. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives:

(1) 
$$+ \mathrm{CH_3OH}$$

(2) 
$$+ C_2H_5I$$

$$(3) \hspace{1cm} + \mathrm{C_2H_5OH}$$

$$(4) \qquad \begin{array}{|c|c|} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ &$$

## 178. Match the following:

	Oxide		Nature
(a)	CO	(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO	(ii)	Neutral
(c)	${\rm Al_2O_3}$	(iii)	Acidic
(d)	$\mathrm{Cl_2O_7}$	(iv)	Amphoterio

Which of the following is **correct** option?

	(a)	(b)	<b>(c)</b>	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)

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179. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl<sub>2</sub>, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?

- Only NaCl (1)
- (2)  $\operatorname{Only}\operatorname{MgCl}_2$
- (3)  $NaCl, MgCl_2$  and  $CaCl_2$
- (4) Both  $\mathrm{MgCl}_2$  and  $\mathrm{CaCl}_2$

Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :

- (1) Sec. butyl alcohol
- (2)Tert. butyl alcohol
- (3)Isobutyl alcohol
- (4) Isopropyl alcohol

- o 0 o -

G4**22** Space For Rough Work

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# Space For Rough Work

G424 Space For Rough Work

## **NATIONAL TESTING AGENCY**

## National Eligibility cum Entrance Test (UG) - 2020 Final Answer Keys on which the Result Declared on 16.10.2020

BOOK: G4 EXAM DATE: 13.09.2020

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Q.No	Key	Q.No	Key	Q.No	Key	Q.No	Key	Q.No	Key	Q.No	Key
1	3	31	1	61	1	91	4	121	2	151	2
2	2	32	3	62	4	92	4	122	2	152	3
3	3	33	4	63	1	93	1	123	4	153	4
4	4	34	3	64	4	94	2	124	2	154	3
5	2	35	4	65	1	95	1	125	4	155	3
6	2	36	1	66	1	96	3	126	2	156	4
7	3	37	2	67	4	97	2	127	1	157	4
8	4	38	4	68	2	98	2	128	1	158	4
9	2	39	3	69	2	99	4	129	2	159	4
10	2	40	1	70	2	100	4	130	2	160	3
11	1	41	1	71	1	101	1	131	3	161	3
12	1	42	4	72	2	102	1	132	1	162	2
13	4	43	2	73	2	103	1	133	4	163	2
14	4	44	3	74	3	104	1	134	3	164	2
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18	2	48	2	78	4	108	3	138	2	168	2
19	1	49	3	79	1	109	3	139	1	169	4
20	3	50	4	80	3	110	2	140	4	170	4
21	1	51	3	81	1	111	3	141	3	171	4
22	4	52	1	82	1	112	1	142	2	172	2
23	1	53	1	83	2	113	1	143	1	173	3
24	3	54	2	84	3	114	1	144	3	174	4
25	1	55	1	85	4	115	3	145	1	175	2
26	2	56	1	86	1	116	3	146	1	176	3
27	3	57	4	87	4	117	1	147	4	177	4
28	1	58	2	88	2	118	2	148	3	178	1
29	2	59	3	89	4	119	2	149	2	179	1
30	4	60	4	90	4	120	2	150	3	180	2